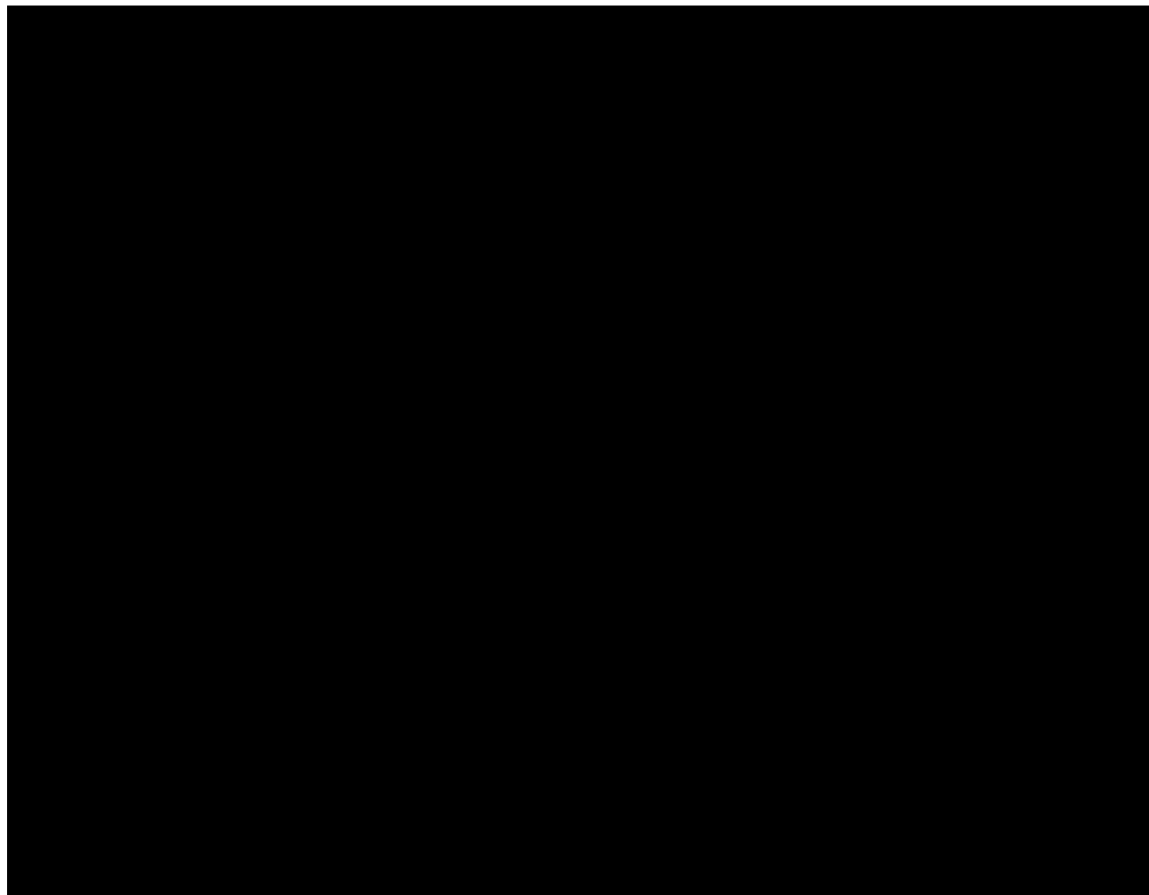


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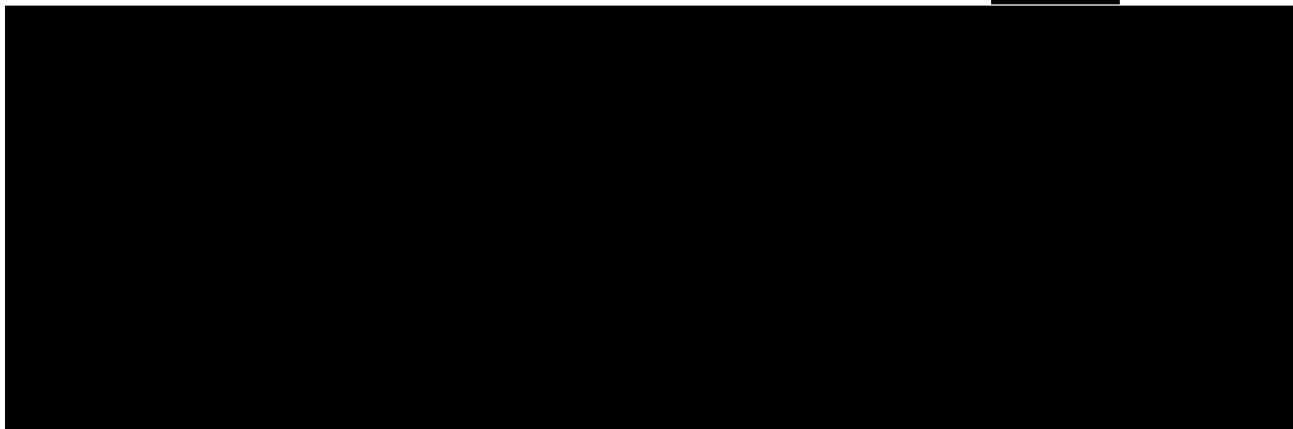
INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS SITUATION REPORT [REDACTED] (DI IN SITREP 90-007)

JULY 1990

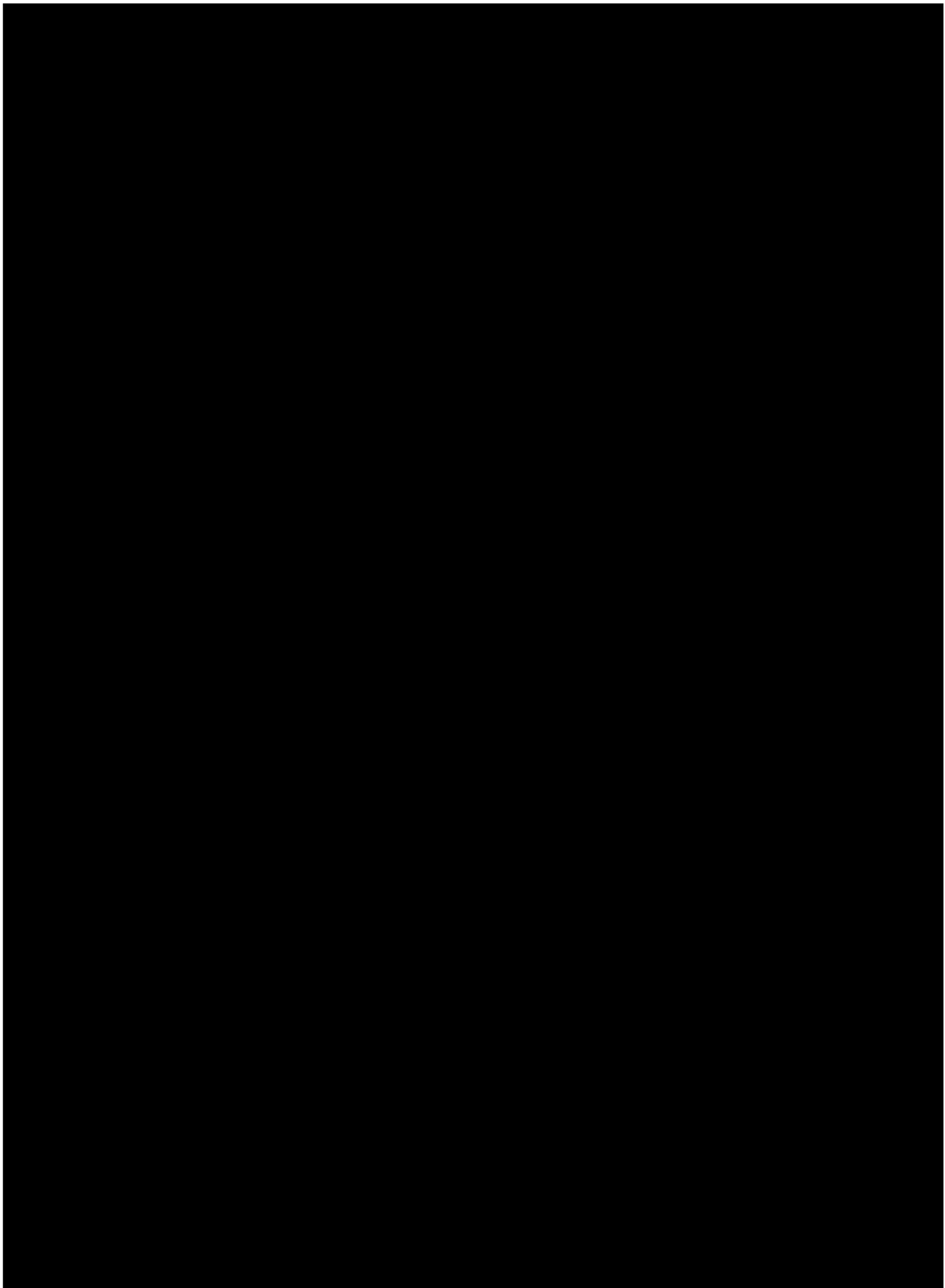
CONTENTS



ITEM 2: COLOMBIA: GOVERNMENT REFOCUSSES ON COUNTERNARCOTICS [REDACTED]



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[REDACTED]

ITEM 2: COLOMBIA: GOVERNMENT REFOCUSES ON COUNTERNARCOTICS [REDACTED]

NOW THAT THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION IS OVER, THE BARCO GOVERNMENT APPEARS TO BE FOLLOWING THROUGH ON PLANS TO STEP UP ANTIDRUG EFFORTS, SPECIFICALLY AGAINST MEDELLIN DRUG KINGPIN PABLO ESCOBAR. ALTHOUGH THE GOVERNMENT'S EFFORT AGAINST ESCOBAR TO DATE HAS BEEN BESET BY PROBLEMS, WE BELIEVE IT IS SUCCEEDING IN STRIPPING AWAY THE LAYERS OF SECURITY THAT SURROUND HIM. ESCOBAR, NONETHELESS, REMAINS CAPABLE OF VIOLENT RETALIATION. [REDACTED]

PRESIDENT BARCO HAS MADE CLEAR HE INTENDS TO INCREASE THE PRESSURE ON THE DRUG INDUSTRY. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

#### STRATEGY AND TACTICS

THE GOVERNMENT'S PLAN TO APPREHEND ESCOBAR CALLS FOR STEPPED-UP MILITARY PRESSURE AGAINST THE KINGPIN'S SECURITY AND SUPPORT NETWORKS IN MEDELLIN, A PSYCHOLOGICAL AND PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN, AND A NEW EFFORT TO BUILD A LEGAL CASE AGAINST HIM. [REDACTED]

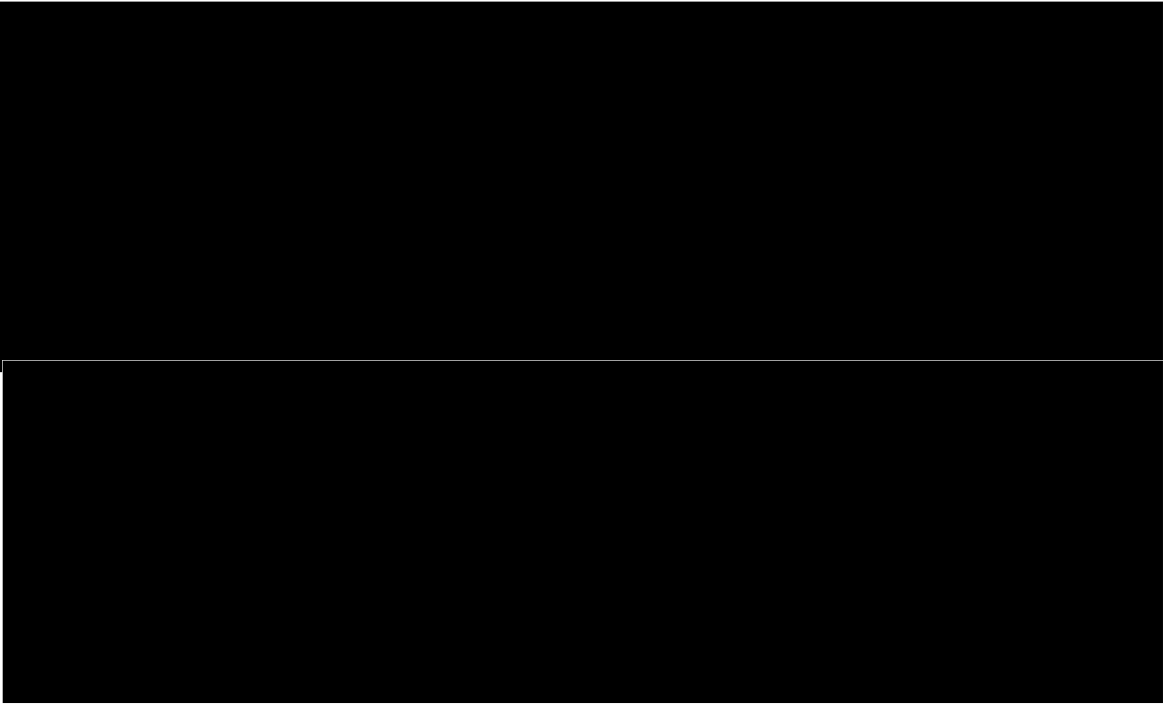
[REDACTED] THE GOVERNMENT HAS COMMITTED SOME 20,000 SECURITY FORCE PERSONNEL TO MEDELLIN AND THE SURROUNDING COUNTRYSIDE IN ITS SEARCH FOR ESCOBAR. THE COLOMBIAN NATIONAL POLICE (CNP) HAVE MEANWHILE INCREASED THE REWARD OFFERED FOR ESCOBAR'S CAPTURE. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] THE CNP HAS ALSO DISTRIBUTED SOME 20,000 PAMPHLETS IN MEDELLIN GIVING FULL DESCRIPTIONS AND DETAILS ON ESCOBAR AND HIS 12 CLOSEST TRAFFICKING ASSOCIATES. IN ADDITION, A PUBLIC ORDER JUDGE RECENTLY ISSUED AN ARREST WARRANT FOR ESCOBAR FOR HIS ALLEGED ROLE IN THE MAY 1989 FAILED ASSASSINATION ATTEMPT AGAINST DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE SECURITY HEAD GENERAL MAZA. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

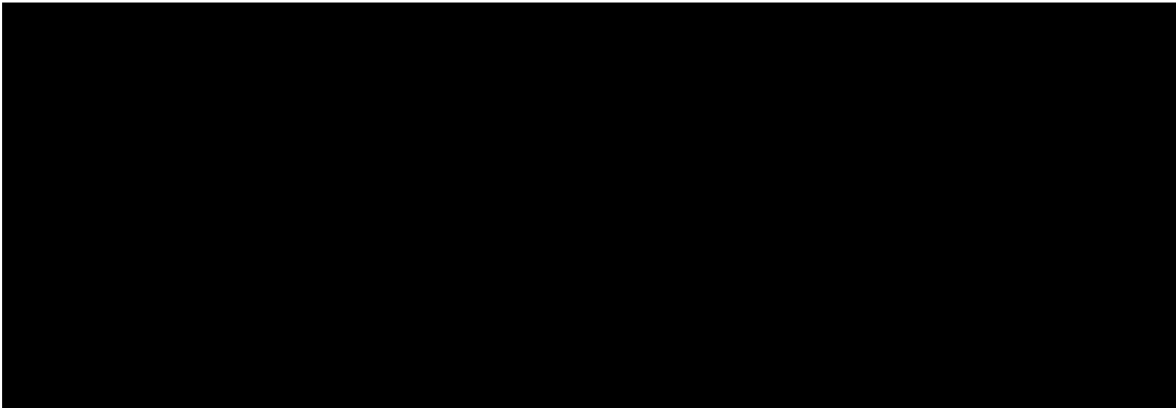
[REDACTED]

#### COMPLICATIONS



IN ADDITION, THE MEDELLIN POLICE FORCE IS SUFFERING FROM FLAGGING MORALE AND DESERTIONS AS A RESULT OF ATTACKS AGAINST ITS MEMBERS, [REDACTED] MORE THAN 160 POLICEMEN HAVE BEEN MURDERED BY ESCOBAR'S CRONIES SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR IN THE MEDELLIN AREA. FURTHERMORE, CONTINUING PROBLEMS IN THE JUDICIARY--SUCH AS THE RECENT RELEASE OF FOUR OF ESCOBAR'S TOP LEGAL AND POLITICAL ADVISERS BY A LOCAL JUDGE--ARE UNDERCUTTING THE GOVERNMENT'S ABILITY TO DISMANTLE THE KINGPINS' SUPPORT NETWORK. COLOMBIA'S ATTORNEY GENERAL REPORTEDLY IS INVESTIGATING PRESS ALLEGATIONS THAT POLICE IN THE MEDELLIN AREA--FRUSTRATED OVER WEAK JUDICIAL PROCEDURES AND REPEATED ATTACKS ON POLICEMEN--ARE TORTURING AND EXECUTING SUSPECTED TRAFFICKER ASSASSINS. [REDACTED]

PROSPECTS



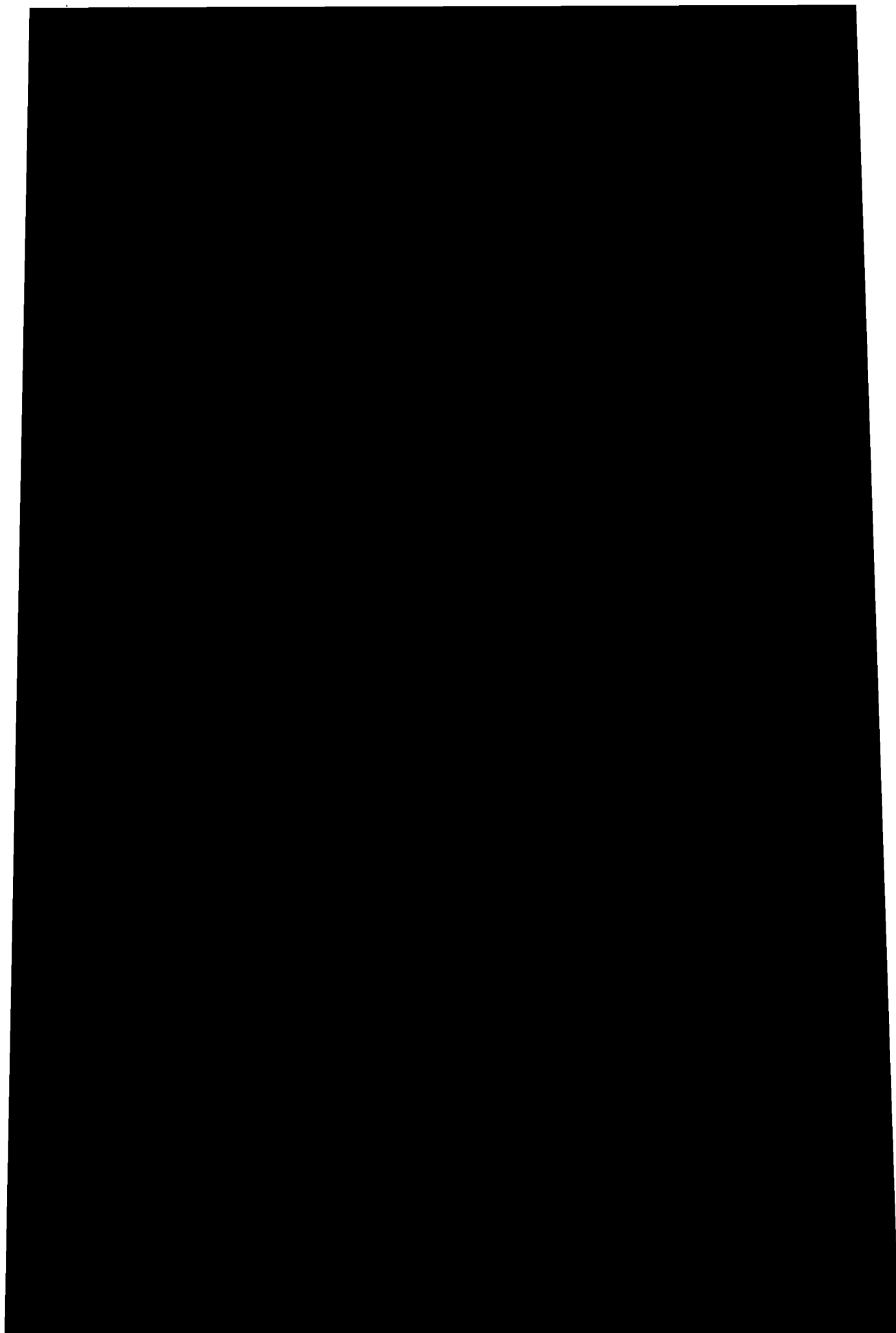
ESCOBAR, NONETHELESS, REMAINS FULLY CAPABLE OF ESCALATING THE

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VIOLENCE, AN OPTION HE WILL PROBABLY EXERCISE AS THE GOVERNMENT INCREASES ITS ANTINARCOTICS EFFORTS. HE PROBABLY WAS THE AUTHOR OF A RECENT PRESS COMMUNIQUE FROM THE ''EXTRADITABLES'' RENEWING THE TRAFFICKERS' DECLARATION OF WAR AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT. THE CAR BOMB ON 19 JUNE IN MEDELLIN THAT KILLED FOUR POLICEMEN AND WOUNDED 20 CIVILIANS IS PROBABLY A FOREWARNING. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]



[The following text is a placeholder for the main body of the document, which has been redacted with a large black box.]





[REDACTED]

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1998. The public sector has also become an important employer of people with disabilities. In 1998, 1.2 million people with disabilities were employed in the public sector, compared with 0.8 million in 1980. This increase has been driven by the growth of the public sector and the increasing awareness of the need to provide services for people with disabilities.

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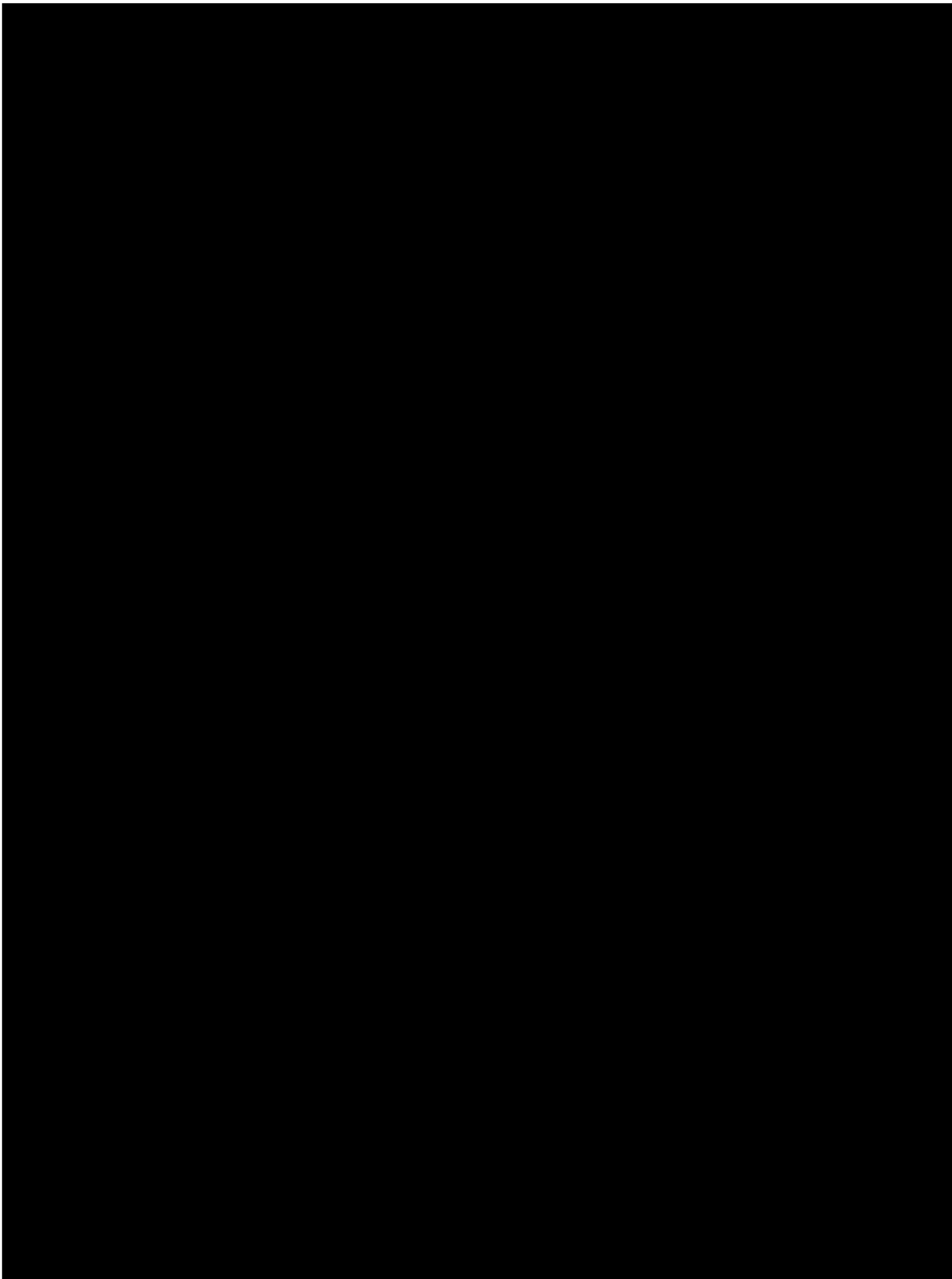
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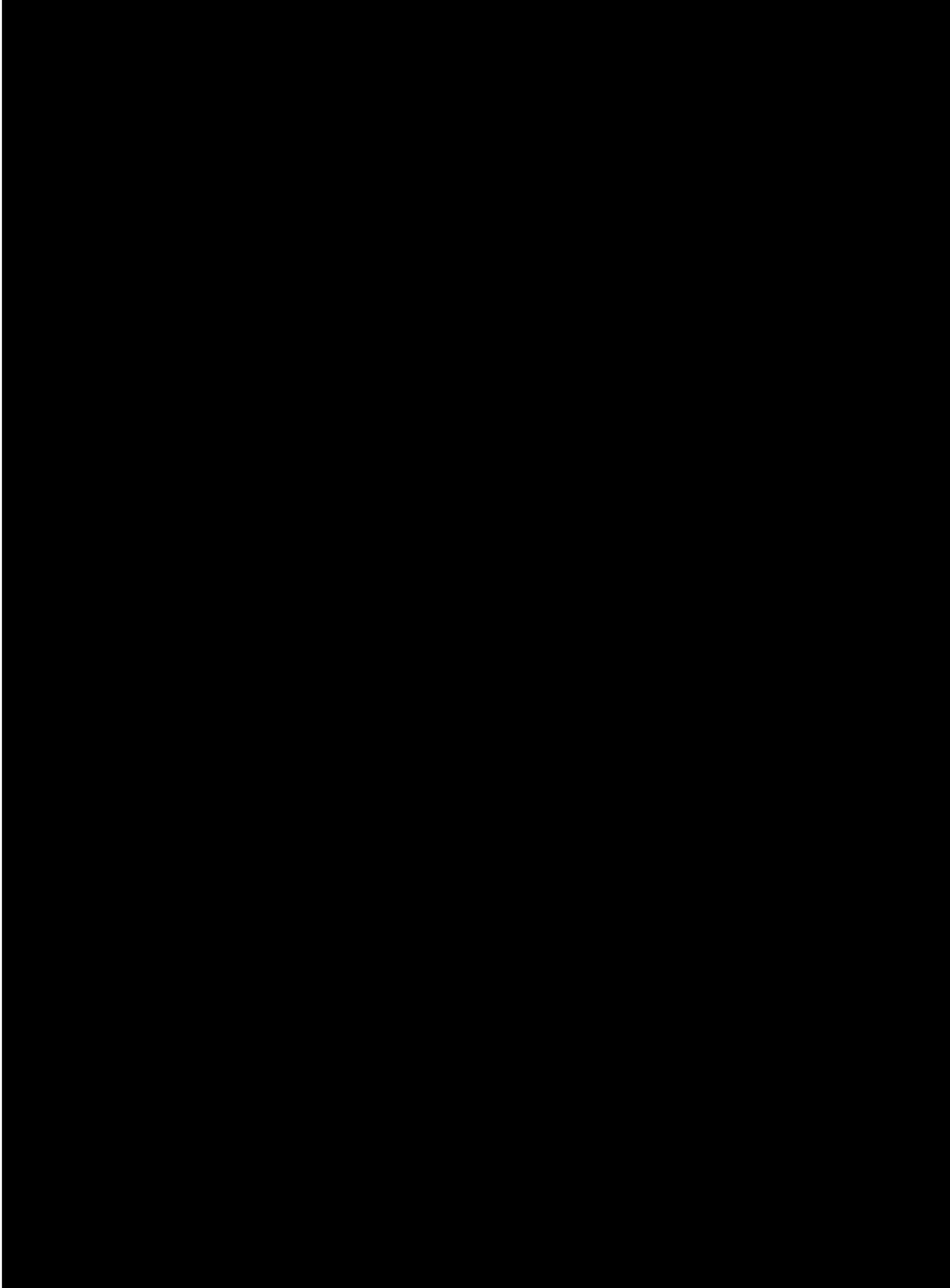
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There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the quality of care in the public sector. The Department of Health (2000) has set out a number of key objectives for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce the waiting time for treatment, and to improve the efficiency of the public sector.

One of the key challenges facing the public sector is the need to improve the quality of care. This is a complex task, as it involves a number of factors, including the need to improve the training of staff, to improve the standards of care, and to improve the efficiency of the public sector.

One of the key factors that can influence the quality of care is the level of staff resources. If there are too few staff, then the quality of care is likely to be poor. This is because staff will be overworked and will not have the time or energy to provide the best possible care.

Another key factor that can influence the quality of care is the level of training. If staff are not properly trained, then they will not be able to provide the best possible care. This is why it is so important to ensure that staff receive the best possible training.

Finally, another key factor that can influence the quality of care is the level of standards. If the standards of care are low, then the quality of care is likely to be poor. This is why it is so important to ensure that the standards of care are high.

There are a number of ways in which the public sector can improve the quality of care. One way is to increase the level of staff resources. Another way is to improve the level of training. Finally, another way is to improve the level of standards.

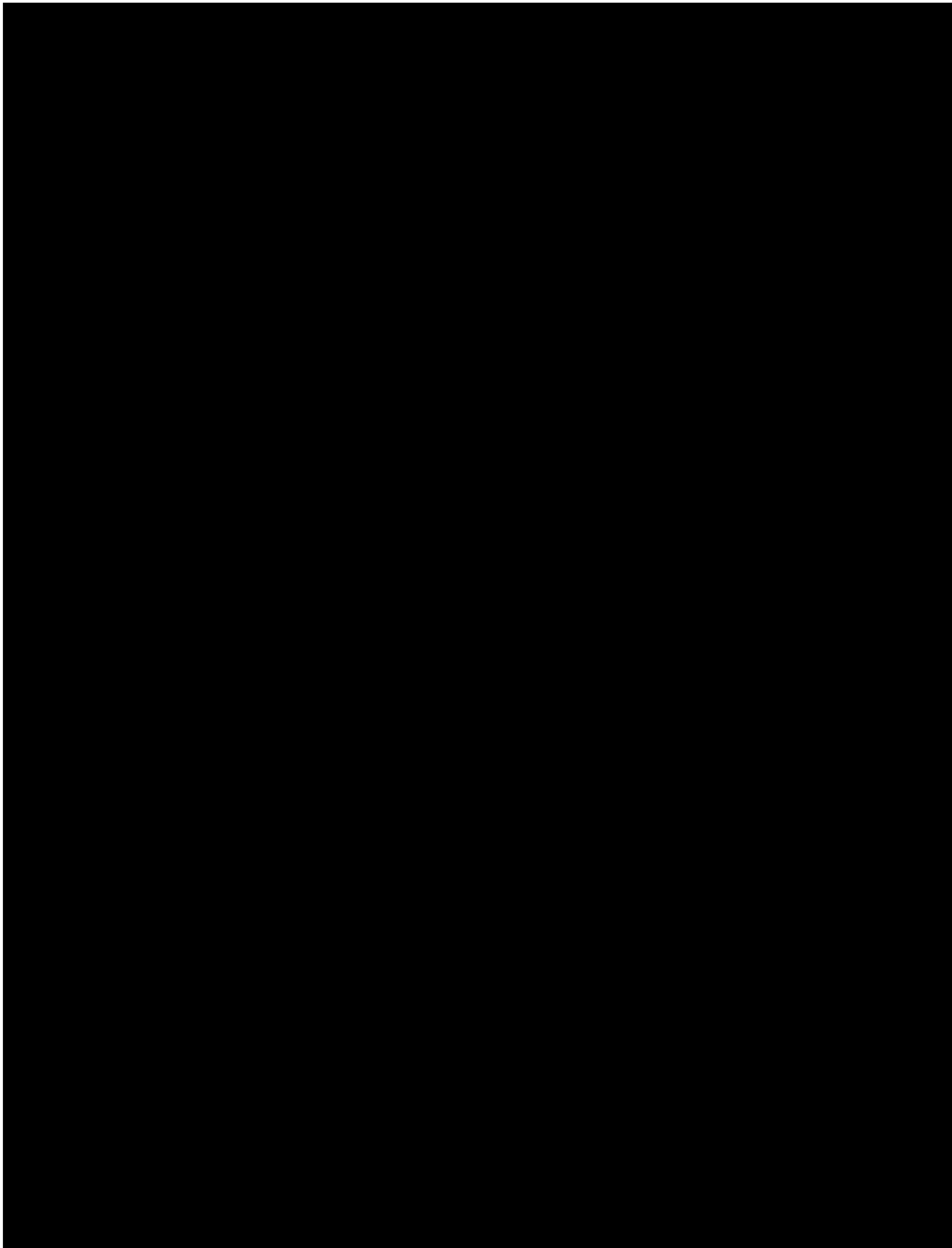
There are a number of challenges facing the public sector in the 21st century. One of the key challenges is the need to improve the quality of care. This is a complex task, as it involves a number of factors, including the need to improve the training of staff, to improve the standards of care, and to improve the efficiency of the public sector.

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The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the research and the objectives of the study. It then presents a literature review of the existing research on the topic. The next section describes the methodology used in the study, including the data sources and the statistical techniques employed. The results of the study are then presented, followed by a discussion of the findings and their implications. Finally, the paper concludes with a summary of the main points and suggestions for future research.

The research was conducted using a quantitative approach, with data collected from a large sample of participants. The results show a significant positive correlation between the variables studied, indicating that the hypothesis was supported. The findings have important implications for the field and suggest that further research is needed to explore the underlying mechanisms.

In conclusion, the study provides valuable insights into the relationship between the variables and highlights the need for continued research in this area. The results are consistent with previous findings and offer new perspectives on the topic.

